

2nd PUC English Workbook Answers Streams Note Making



Passage I.

The defense mechanism of the human body is a gift of nature provided to human beings. The power of our body to fight against disease-producing agents is known as defensive mechanism and it depends upon various factors which can be categorized mainly into two types: common factors and special factors.

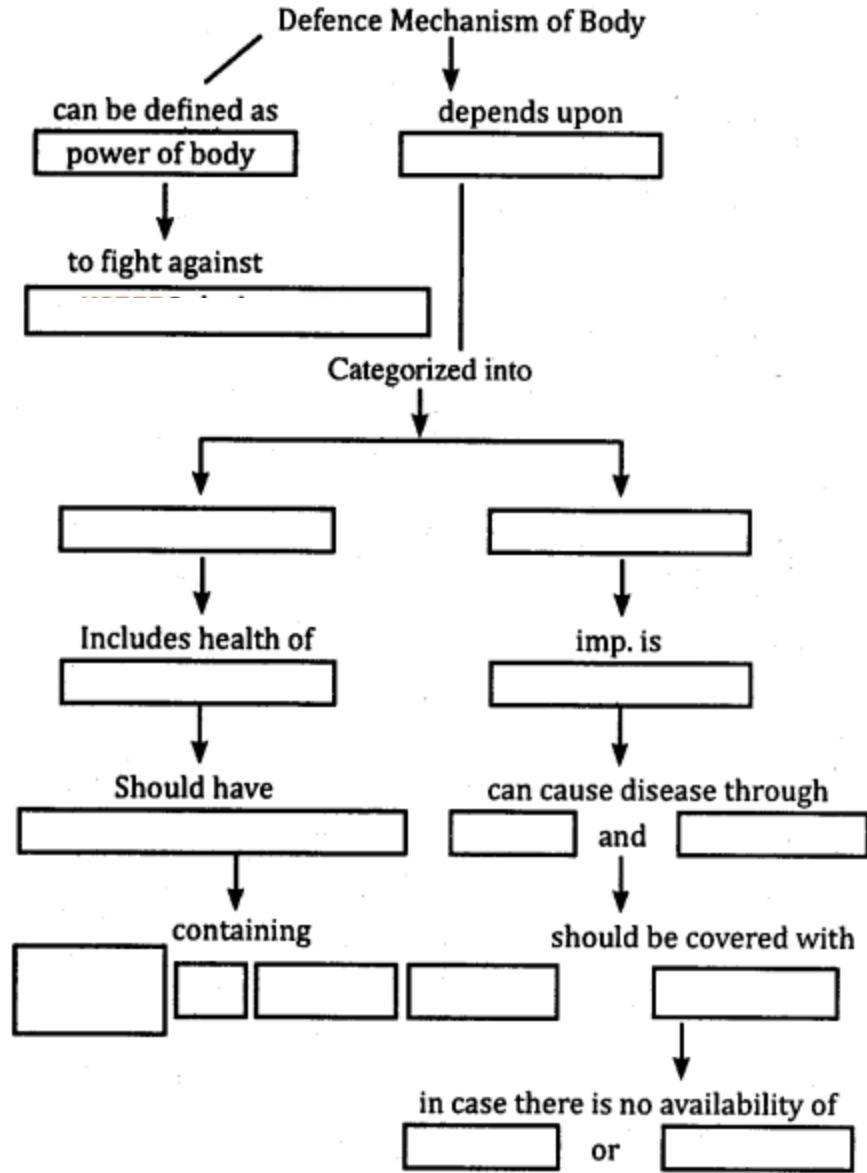
Amongst the common factors, the most important is the health of human beings. We all know that if we have good health, our body automatically remains protected against diseases. For keeping good health one should have nutritious balanced diets. A balanced diet is that which contains carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins in proportionate amount.

Among the special factors is the skin of our body which can cause diseases through cuts and abrasions. Therefore, a cut or an abrasion should never be left open. In case there is no bandage, or medicine available, it may be covered with a clean cloth.

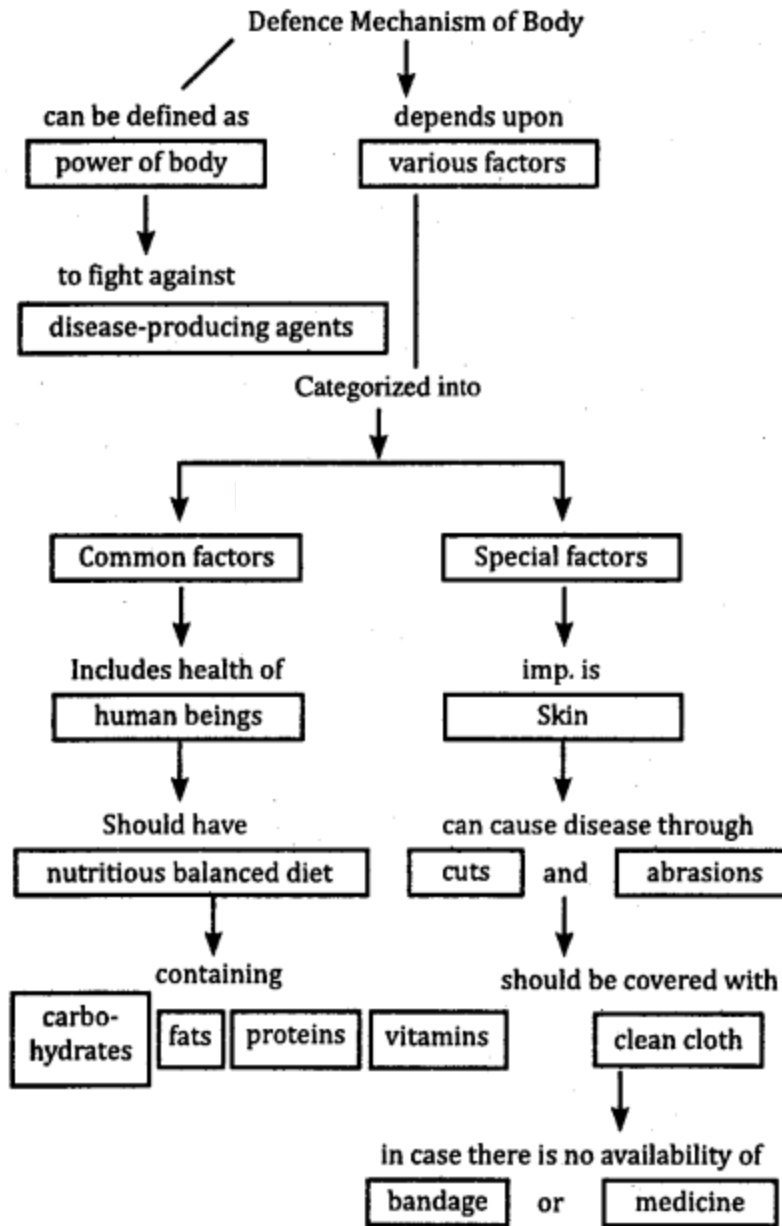
Passage – I above can be diagrammatically expressed in several ways depending on the needs of the user.

Look at the following two notes of the above passage and complete them by filling in the blank boxes. Try to express the passage diagrammatically in your own way.

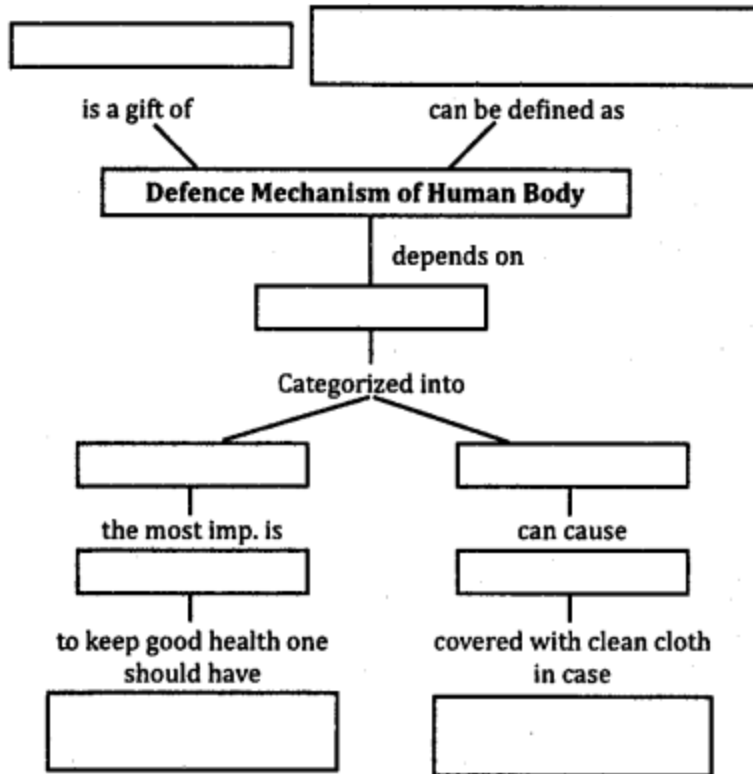
IA.



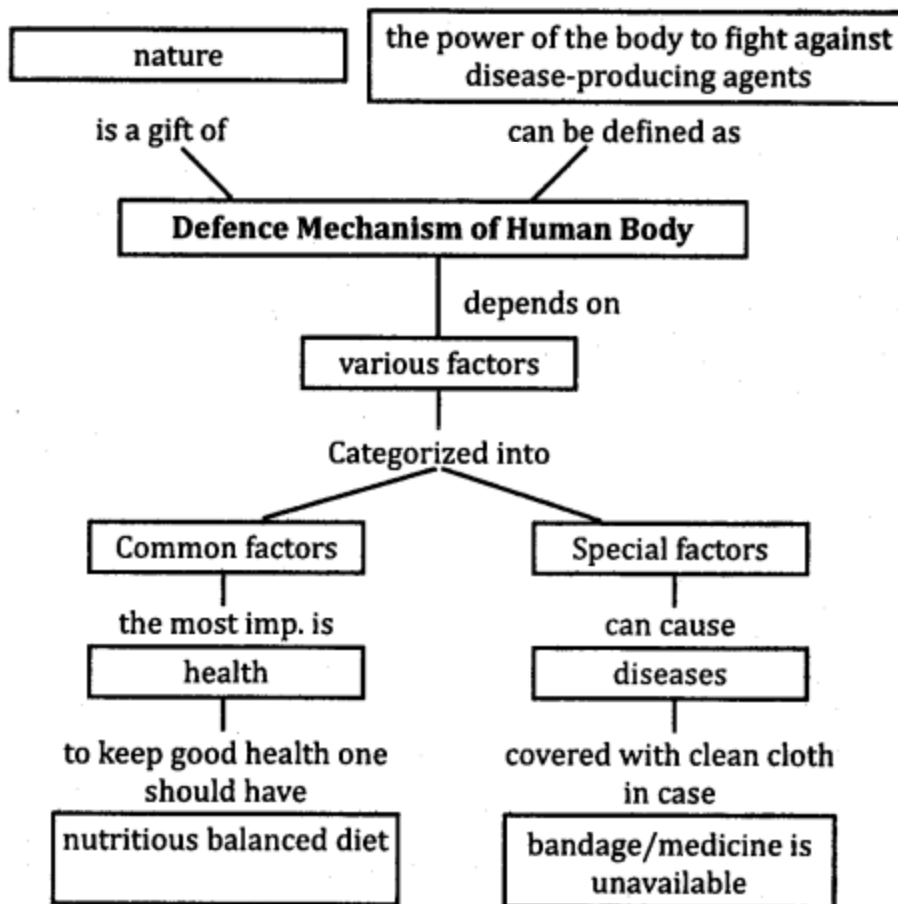
Answer:



IA.

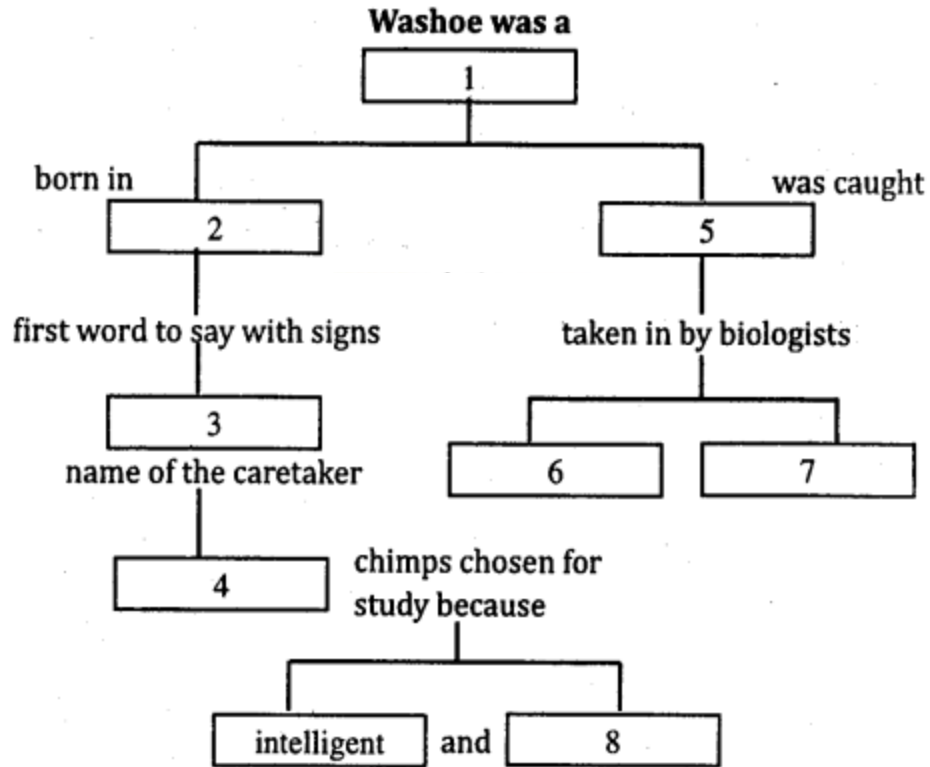


Answer:



Read the following passages and make notes by filling in the boxes.

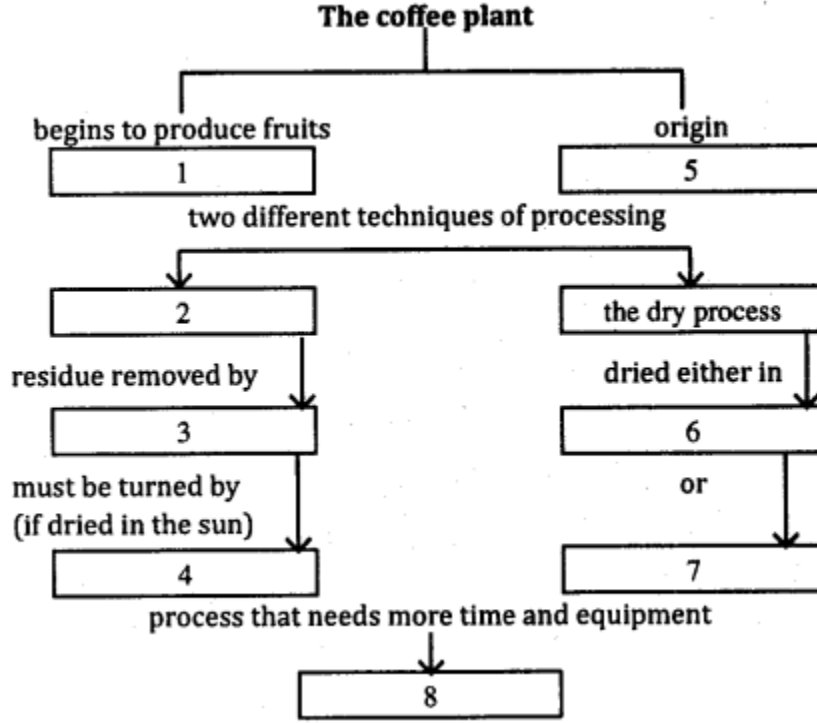
Passage – A



Answer:

1. female chimpanzee;
2. Africa, September 1965;
3. tooth brush;
4. Roger Fouts;
5. in the wild;
6. Allen;
7. Beatrice Gardener;
8. social animals.

Passage B.



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 ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಕೂಡ ಶೇರ್
 ಮಾಡಿ ಮತ್ತಷ್ಟು ಸ್ವಡಿ
 ಮೆಟಿರಿಯಲ್ ಪಡೆಯಿರಿ..!

Answer:

1. 3 or 4 years after being planted;
2. the wet process;
3. fermentation;
4. hand several times a day;
5. African;
6. sun;
7. hot air driers;
8. the dry process.

Passage C.

Note pad

Physical features

Food habits

Place of dwelling

Answer:

Note pad

Physical features

Brown-skinned

Wiry hair

Deep-set eyes

Food habits

Eat roots, arubs. seeds, caterpillars around into flour.

Also eat kangaroos, crocodiles, porpoises, dudonas.

Place of dwelling

Wurlev – two forked sticks and a crossbar with strips of bark laid against it.

Temporary dwelling places built only when necessary and left when the tribe moves to the next place.